

Amendments to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

“ANNEX 2

List of GB quarantine pests

PART A

In table ‘C. Insects and mites’

Add:

39A. *Chrysobothris femorata* (Olivier) [CHRBFE]

39B. *Chrysobothris mali* Horn [CHRBMA]

75A. *Lycorma delicatula* (White) [LYCMDE]

In table ‘F. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas’

Add:

9A. Chilli veinal mottle virus [CHIVMV]

“ANNEX 2A

List of provisional GB quarantine pests

In table ‘B. Insect and mites’

Delete:

4B. *Chrysobothris femorata* (Olivier) [CHRBFE]

5A. *Lycorma delicatula* (White) [LYCMDE]

Add:

1AB. *Agrilus mali* Matsumura [AGRLMA]

6BA. *Orgyia leucostigma* (Smith) [HEMELE]

In Table ‘C. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas’

Delete:

1A. Chilli veinal mottle virus [CHIVMV]

In Table ‘D. Bacteria

Add:

1A. *Lonsdalea populi* Li, Xue, Guo, Koltay, Palacio-Bielsa, Chang, Xie & Yang
[LNSDQP]

ANNEX 4

Add at the bottom of the table of content at the start of Annex 4:

Part L: RNQPs concerning seed of *Solanum sisymbriifolium*

At the end of Annex 4 add:

PART L

RNQPs concerning seed of *Solanum sisymbriifolium*

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
(1) RNQP	(2) Plants for planting	(3) Threshold for seed
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Solanum sisymbriifolium</i>	0%

ANNEX 5

Add at the bottom of the table of content at the start of Annex 5:

Part K: Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of *Solanum sisymbriifolium*

At the end of Annex 5 add:

PART K

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of *Solanum sisymbriifolium*

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
(1) RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	(2) Plants for planting (genus or species)	(3) Requirements
Potato spindle tuber viroid (PSTVD0)	Seed of <i>Solanum sisymbriifolium</i> L.	The seeds have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample using appropriate methods

		and have been found in those tests to be free from that pest.
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ANNEX 7

List of plants, plant products and other objects originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into Great Britain

PART A

Plants, plant products and other objects originating in third countries which may only be introduced into Great Britain if special requirements are met

Add new point 64A.:

(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Description of plants, plant products or other objects</i>	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Requirements</i>
64A. Plants, other than seeds, tissue cultures and pollen, including cut branches, of <i>Acer</i> L., <i>Betula</i> L., <i>Carpinus</i> L., <i>Carya illinoensis</i> (Wangenheim) Koch, <i>Cercis</i> L., <i>Cornus</i> L., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Ostrya virginiana</i> (Miller) Koch , <i>Platanus occidentalis</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Tilia</i> L., <i>Ulmus</i> L., <i>Vaccinium darrowii</i> Camp.	Canada and the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement that: (a) they have been grown during a period of at least three years prior to export, or in the case of plants younger than three years, have been grown throughout their life in a place of production that is free from <i>Chrysobothris femorata</i> (Olivier) in accordance with ISPM10: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Chrysobothris femorata</i> (Olivier) carried out at appropriate times, (ii) where they have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Chrysobothris femorata</i> (Olivier) and

immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their stems and branches, have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of *Chrysobothris femorata* (Olivier), which included destructive sampling, where appropriate,

and

(iii) that they have been packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation during transport and storage.

* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

Add new point 64B.:

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	<i>Description of plants, plant products or other objects</i>	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Requirements</i>
64B.	Plants, other than seeds, tissue cultures and pollen, including cut branches, of <i>Acer</i> L., <i>Aesculus</i> L., <i>Arbutus menziesii</i> Pursh., <i>Ceanothus</i> L., <i>Cercocarpus montanus</i> (Kunth) Rafinesque, <i>Corylus</i> L., <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunberg) Lindley, <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L., <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Frangula californica</i> (Eschscholtz) A. Gray, <i>Heteromeles arbutifolia</i> (Lindl) Roemer, <i>Juglans</i>	Canada and the USA	The plants must be accompanied by an official statement: (a) that the plants have been grown during a period of at least three years prior to export, or in the case of plants younger than three years, have been grown throughout their life, in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area free from <i>Chrysobothris mali</i> Horn and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Chrysobothris mali</i> Horn, and that they have been packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation during transport and storage, or (b) they have been grown during a period of at least three years prior to export, or in the case of plants younger than three years,

regia L., *Malus* Mill.,
Pickeringia montana
 Torrey & A. Gray,
Platanus L., *Populus*
 L., *Prunus* L., *Pyrus*
communis L.,
Quercus L., *Ribes* L.,
Rosa L., *Salix* L.,
Sorbus aucuparia L.,
Ulmus L. *Vaccinium*
 L.

have been grown throughout their life, in a production site that is free from *Chrysobothris mali* Horn in accordance with ISPM10:

(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin and has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of *Chrysobothris mali* Horn carried out at appropriate times,

(ii) where they have been grown in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of *Chrysobothris mali* Horn and immediately prior to export, the plants, and in particular their stems and branches, have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of *Chrysobothris mali* Horn, which included destructive sampling, where appropriate,

and

(iii) that they have been packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation during transport and storage.

* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration".

Add new point 138A.

	(1)	(2)	(3)
	<i>Description of plants, plant products or other objects</i>	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Requirements</i>
138A.	<i>Wood of Acer</i> L., <i>Betula</i> L., <i>Carpinus</i> L., <i>Carya illinoensis</i> (Wangenheim) Koch, <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Platanus occidentalis</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L.,	Canada and the USA	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that: a) (i) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core),

Salix L., *Tilia* L.,
Ulmus L., other than in
the form of:

- Sawn wood less than 6 mm thick,
- chips and particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,
- wood packaging material, including associated dunnage,

but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface

(ii) it has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood,

or

(iii) it has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation,

and

b) it has been packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation with *Chrysobothris femorata* (Olivier) during transport and storage

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in paragraph (a)(i), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

Add new point 138B.

(1)	(2)	(3)
<i>Description of plants, plant products or other objects</i>	<i>Origin</i>	<i>Requirements</i>

138B.	<p>Wood of <i>Acer</i> L., <i>Aesculus</i> L., <i>Corylus</i> L., <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Platanus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus communis</i> L., <i>Quercus</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> L., <i>Ulmus</i> L., other than in the form of:</p>	Canada and the USA	The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sawn wood less than 6 mm thick, • chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, • wood packaging material, including associated dunnage, • in the case of <i>Quercus spp.</i>, in the form casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, including staves, originating in Canada or the USA, where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes, 		<p>a) (i) it originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area* free from <i>Chrysobothris mali</i> Horn and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Chrysobothris mali</i> Horn,</p>
			<p>(ii) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core),</p>
			<p>(iii) it has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, or</p>
			<p>(iv) it has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation</p>
			and
			<p>(b) it has been packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation with <i>Chrysobothris mali</i> Horn during transport and storage</p>
	<p>but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface.</p>		<p>Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in paragraph (a)(ii), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark "HT" put on the</p>

wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading "Additional declaration"

Add new point 139A.

(1) <i>Description of plants, plant products or other objects</i>	(2) <i>Origin</i>	(3) <i>Requirements</i>
139A.	Wood chips and particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Acer</i> L., <i>Betula</i> L., <i>Carpinus</i> L., <i>Carya illinoensis</i> (Wangenheim) Koch, <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Platanus occidentalis</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Tilia</i> L., <i>Ulmus</i> L.	Canada and the USA The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that: a) (i) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the chips, particles, wood waste or scrap, or (ii) it has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m ³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation. and b) it has been packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation with <i>Chrysobothris femorata</i> (Olivier) during transport and storage. Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in paragraph

(a)(i), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark “HT” put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

Add new point 139B.

	(1) <i>Description of plants, plant products or other objects</i>	(2) <i>Origin</i>	(3) <i>Requirements</i>
139B.	Wood chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Acer</i> L., <i>Aesculus</i> L., <i>Corylus</i> L., <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Platanus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus communis</i> L., <i>Quercus</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> L., <i>Ulmus</i> L	Canada and the USA	<p>The wood must be accompanied by an official statement that:</p> <p>a) it originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with ISPM4 as an area* free from <i>Chrysobothris mali</i> Horn and that no part of the area lies within 100 km of a known outbreak of <i>Chrysobothris mali</i> Horn, or</p> <p>b) (i) it has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the chips, particles, wood waste or scrap, or</p> <p>(ii) it has been subject to fumigation, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate but a phytosanitary certificate may not include any such official statement unless the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin has previously provided the national plant protection organisation of the United Kingdom with written details of fumigation. and</p> <p>(c) it has been packed in such a manner as to prevent infestation during transport and storage.</p>

Where the phytosanitary certificate includes the official statement referred to in paragraph (b)(i), there must also be evidence of that heat treatment by a mark “HT” put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the phytosanitary certificate.

* The name of the area(s) must be included in the phytosanitary certificate under the heading “Additional declaration”

ANNEX 11

List of plants, plant products and other objects and the respective third countries of origin or dispatch in respect of which phytosanitary certificates are required

PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects and the respective third countries or origin or dispatch, which may not be introduced into Great Britain unless they are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate, as referred to in Article 72(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031

Add New entries to the table section ‘Seeds of’:

	(1) Description of plants, plant products or other objects	(2) CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	(3) Country of origin or dispatch
27A.	<i>Solanum</i> spp.	Other seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 99	Any third country

Add New entries to the table section ‘wood of’:

	(1) Description of plants, plant products or other objects	(2) CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No.2658/87	(3) Country of origin or dispatch
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Wood of:			
55	<p><i>Acer</i> L., <i>Aesculus</i> L., <i>Carpinus</i> L., <i>Carya illinoensis</i> (Wangenheim) Koch, <i>Corylus</i> L., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> L, <i>Tilia</i> L., <i>Ulmus</i> L. other than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: –Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: –Non- coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 –Wood in chips or particles: –Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 –Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: –Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 –Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: –Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: –Non-coniferous:</p>	Canada and the USA

		<p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>–Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>ex 4403 9900</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</p> <p>–Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</p> <p>–Not impregnated</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>–Other (than not impregnated)</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27</p> <p>ex 4407 99 40</p> <p>ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs</p>	
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		<p>and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00</p>	
56	<p><i>Platanus</i> L. other than wood packaging material, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>–Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: –Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>–Wood in chips or particles: –Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00</p> <p>–Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: –Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10</p> <p>–Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p>	Canada

		<p>ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: –Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: –Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: –Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 9900 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: –Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: –Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00 –Other (than not impregnated) ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped</p>	
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		<p>lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00</p>	
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